

# Machdichfit 3

## Mathematik M4

### Übungsblatt: Wiederholung der Ableitung - Ergebnisse

- $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ .  $f'(x) = -2 \cdot x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$
- $f(x) = x^7$ .  $f'(x) = 7x^6$
- $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} = x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ .  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{3} x^{-\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$
- $f(x) = 2^x$ .  $f'(x) = 2^x \cdot \ln 2$
- $f(x) = \log_3 x$ .  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x \cdot \ln 3}$
- $f(x) = \ln x$ .  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x}$
- $f(x) = 5\sqrt{x}$ .  $f'(x) = \frac{5}{2\sqrt{x}}$
- $f(x) = 5x\sqrt{x}$  mit Produktregel:  $f'(x) = 5\sqrt{x} + 5x \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = 5\sqrt{x} + \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{x} = \frac{15}{2}\sqrt{x}$   
ohne Produktregel:  $f(x) = 5x \cdot x^{\frac{1}{2}} = 5x^{\frac{3}{2}} =$   
 $f'(x) = 5 \cdot \frac{3}{2} x^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{15}{2}\sqrt{x}$
- $f(x) = e^x \sin x$   $f'(x) = e^x (\sin x + \cos x)$ 
  - $f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{e^x}$  mit Quotientenregel:  
$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x \cdot \cos x - e^x \cdot \sin x}{(e^x)^2} = \frac{e^x (\cos x - \sin x)}{e^{2x}} = \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{e^x}$$
mit Produktregel:  $f(x) = e^{-x} \sin x$   
 $f'(x) = e^{-x} \cos x + (-e^{-x}) \sin x = e^{-x} (\cos x - \sin x)$
- $f(x) = \frac{1-x}{1+x}$   $f'(x) = -\frac{2}{(1+x)^2}$
- $f(x) = \frac{1-x^2}{1-x} = \frac{(1-x)(1+x)}{1-x} = 1+x$ .  $f'(x) = 1$
- $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x + 5}{x} = x - 2 + \frac{5}{x}$ .  $f'(x) = 1 - \frac{5}{x^2}$
- $f(x) = \frac{e^x}{1+x^2}$   $f'(x) = \frac{e^x (x^2 + 1 - 2x)}{(1+x)^2} = \frac{e^x (x-1)^2}{(x+1)^2}$
- $f(x) = \frac{e^x - 1}{e^x + 1}$   $f'(x) = \frac{2e^x}{(e^x + 1)^2}$
- $f(x) = e^{\sqrt{x}}$   $f'(x) = e^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

$$16. f(x) = \frac{\cos 2x}{e^x} = e^{-x} \cos 2x \quad f'(x) = e^{-x} \cdot \sin 2x \cdot 2 + e^{-x} \cdot (-1) \cos 2x =$$

$$= e^{-x} (2 \sin 2x - \cos 2x)$$

$$17. f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}} \cdot \frac{(-2)}{(x+1)^2} = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}}}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$18. f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \quad f'(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)^3}}$$

$$19. f(x) = 0,5x \cdot e^{0,5x^2-0,125} \quad f'(x) = 0,5 \cdot e^{0,5x^2-0,125} + 0,5x \cdot e^{0,5x^2-0,125} \cdot x =$$

$$= 0,5(x+1)e^{0,5x^2-0,125}$$

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